



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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MATHEMATICS

9709/65

Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 2

May/June 2025

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



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- (a) Find $P(S \leq 3)$. [3]

[illegible]

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- This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dashed lines, typical of primary school writing paper. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

2

$n = 200$

$$\Sigma(x-2) = 60$$

$$\Sigma(x-2)^2 = 20$$

(a)

[6]

This image shows a full page of a handwriting practice worksheet. It consists of multiple sets of three horizontal dashed lines spaced evenly down the page, providing a guide for letter height and placement. The background is plain white, and there are no other markings or text present.

(b)

[1]

[illegible]

- 3 Maroulla's calculator can generate random numbers between 0.000 and 0.999 inclusive, correct to 3 significant figures. She plans to use her calculator to choose a sample of members from the 851 members in her health club. She numbers the members from 1 to 851. Then she uses her calculator to generate some random numbers. She multiplies each random number by 851 and rounds **up** to the next whole number to give the number of a member in the sample. This is called a 'member number'.

- (a) Maroulla's first random number is 0.401.

Find the member number that is produced by this random number.

[1]

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- (b) Find all possible random numbers, correct to 3 decimal places, that would produce the following member numbers.

- (i) A member number of 680.

[1]

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- (ii) A member number of 850.

[1]

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- (c) Explain briefly how your answers to part (b) show that Maroulla's method does not produce a random sample.

[1]

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- [illegible]



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- This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.





- Find the probability that the mean, \bar{F} , of the final marks of a random sample of 25 candidates is greater than 143. [5]

[illegible]

- DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

[5]

[illegible]



(c) Find the probability of a Type I error. [2]

[illegible]



- 7 A firm makes a certain type of battery-powered toy. The battery life is denoted by X hours and the population mean of X is supposed to be 12. The Quality Control department wished to test whether the population mean of X is actually less than 12. They tested a random sample of 50 of these toys and found that the sample mean, \bar{X} , was 11.4.

- (a) State suitable null and alternative hypotheses for the test. [1]

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You may assume that the standard deviation of the battery life is 2.3 hours.

- (b) Show that the value $\bar{X} = 11.4$ leads to rejection of the null hypothesis at the 5% significance level. [2]

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- (c) It is given that the value $\bar{X} = 11.4$ leads to rejection of the null hypothesis at the $\alpha\%$ significance level.

Find the set of possible values of α . [2]

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A graph of a function $f(x)$ on the interval $[0, a]$. The horizontal axis is labeled x and the vertical axis is labeled $f(x)$. The origin is marked O . The function is zero on the interval $[0, c]$ and increases linearly on the interval $[c, a]$. A dashed vertical line is drawn at $x = a$.

It is given that the median of X is $\sqrt{2}$.

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[illegible]





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