Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS	**0580/42**
Paper 4 (Extended)	**October/November 2025**
MARK SCHEME	
Maximum Mark: 100	

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Published

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2025 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **11** printed pages.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Mathematics-Specific Marking Principles

1   Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.

2   Unless specified in the question, non-integer answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.

3   Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.

4   Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).

5   Where a candidate has misread a number or sign in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 A or B mark for the misread.

6   Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

Annotations guidance for centres

Examiners use a system of annotations as a shorthand for communicating their marking decisions to one another. Examiners are trained during the standardisation process on how and when to use annotations. The purpose of annotations is to inform the standardisation and monitoring processes and guide the supervising examiners when they are checking the work of examiners within their team. The meaning of annotations and how they are used is specific to each component and is understood by all examiners who mark the component.

We publish annotations in our mark schemes to help centres understand the annotations they may see on copies of scripts. Note that there may not be a direct correlation between the number of annotations on a script and the mark awarded. Similarly, the use of an annotation may not be an indication of the quality of the response.

The annotations listed below were available to examiners marking this component in this series.

Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
∧	More information required
A0	Accuracy mark awarded zero
A1	Accuracy mark awarded one
A2	Accuracy mark awarded two
A3	Accuracy mark awarded three
B0	Independent mark awarded zero
B1	Independent mark awarded one
B2	Independent mark awarded two
B3	Independent mark awarded three
BOD	Benefit of the doubt
C	Communication mark
✖	Incorrect
FT	Follow through
Highlighter	Highlight a key point in the working
ISW	Ignore subsequent work
M0	Method mark awarded zero
M1	Method mark awarded one
M2	Method mark awarded two
M3	Method mark awarded three

Annotation	Meaning
MR	Misread
O	Omission
Off-page comment	Allows comments to be entered at the bottom of the RM marking window and then displayed when the associated question item is navigated to.
On-page comment	Allows comments to be entered in speech bubbles on the candidate response.
Pre	Premature rounding/approximation
SC	Special case
SEEN	Indicates that work/page has been seen
TE	Transcription error
✔	Correct
XP	Correct answer from incorrect working

MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Types of mark

M   Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.

A   Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.

B   Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

Abbreviations

awrt   answers which round to
cao   correct answer only
dep   dependent
FT   follow through after error
isw   ignore subsequent working
nfww   not from wrong working
oe   or equivalent
rot   rounded or truncated
SC   Special Case
soi   seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	50	**2**	**M1** for 60 : 3000 oe
2	5.5 or $5\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{11}{2}$	**2**	**M1** for $8x = 27 + 17$ or $x - \frac{17}{8} = \frac{27}{8}$ oe
3	10	**1**	
4(a)	216	**2**	**M1** for $8 \times 60 \div 20$ oe or $9 \times 60 \div 20$ oe
4(b)	317 or 316.6 to 316.7	**2**	**M1** for $\frac{50-12}{12}[\times 100]$ oe or for $\frac{50}{12}\times 100\,[-100]$ oe
5	3.86 cao	**2**	**M1** for 953×0.152 oe isw If 0 scored, **SC1** for answer 25.4 or 25.36 to 25.37
6	[Patient $P =$] 27 [Patient $Q =$] 16	**4**	**B1** for answer $P = 27$ **M2** for $10 \times 16 - (1 + 4 + 10 + 12 + 19 + 21 + 25 + 25 + their\ 27)$ oe isw or **M1** for 10×16 oe or for $\frac{1+4+10+12+19+21+25+25+P+Q}{10} = 16$ oe
7(a)	$2 \times \pi \times 4 = 6.51 \times 2 + 2x$ or better	**M3**	**M1** for $2 \times \pi \times 4$ oe **M1** for $6.51 \times 2 + 2x$ soi
	6.055 to 6.058 [= 6.06]	**A1**	
7(b)	574 or 575 or 574.1 to 574.5…	**4**	**M2** for $6.51 \times 6.06 \times \cos 36$ oe or **M1** for [height =] $6.06 \times \cos 36$ oe seen **M1** for *their* area $\times$ 18 leading to answer Alternative method: **M2** for $2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 6.51 \times 6.06 \times \sin(90 + 36)$ oe or **M1** for $\frac{1}{2} \times 6.51 \times 6.06 \times \sin(90 + 36)$ oe seen **M1** for *their* area $\times$ 18 leading to answer

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
8(a)(i)	Image drawn at (−2, −3), (−3, −2), (−4, −2) and (−3, −4)	2	**B1** for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or by $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$
8(a)(ii)	Image drawn at (2, −3), (3, −2), (4, −3) and (4, −4)	3	**B2** for correct size and orientation but wrong position or for quadrilateral with 3 correct vertices or **B1** for $y = x + 1$ drawn soi long enough to be recognised
8(b)	Rotation 90° anticlockwise oe (−2, 6)	3	**B1** for each
9	24.2 or 24.16 to 24.17	3	**M2** for $\dfrac{60+80}{2} \times \dfrac{15}{60} + \dfrac{80 \times 10}{2 \times 60}$ oe or **M1** for a correct partial area under line e.g. $\dfrac{60+80}{2} \times \dfrac{15}{60}$ or $\dfrac{80 \times 10}{2 \times 60}$ oe OR If 0 scored, **SC2** for final answer 1450 or **SC1** for $\dfrac{60+80}{2} \times 15 + \dfrac{80 \times 10}{2}$ oe seen
10(a)	$25 - 8n$ oe final answer	2	**B1** for answer $k - 8n$ (any k) oe or $25 - jn$ ($j \neq 0$) or for correct answer seen then spoilt
10(b)	$3n^2$ oe final answer	2	**B1** for quadratic or for second difference = 6 (at least two, with none incorrect) or for correct answer seen then spoilt
11(a)	2.63 and 3.38	2	**B1** for each
11(b)	Correct graph	4	**B3FT** for 8 correct plots or **B2FT** for 6 correct plots or **B1FT** for 4 correct plots
11(c)	$y = 2 + 0.5x$ ruled	M2	**M1** for $[y =] 2 + 0.5x$ oe soi e.g. $x^3 - 2x + 3 = 2 + 0.5x$ or $y = k + 0.5x$ ruled or $y = kx + 2$ ruled, but not $y = 2$
	−1.85 to −1.7 , 0.4 to 0.5, 1.25 to 1.4	A2	**A1** for two correct values dep on M2 If M0 or M1 scored, **SC1** for three correct values

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
12(a)	104 and angle at the centre is twice the angle at the circumference	2	**B1** for each
12(b)	27	2	**B1** for angle $BAC = 65$ or angle $ACD = 52$ or **M1** for $OCB = 25$ and reflex $AOC = 360 -$ *their* 104 or for OAC or $OCA = 38$ FT $\dfrac{180 - their\ 104}{2}$
13	$\dfrac{31}{8m}$ final answer	2	**M1** for $\dfrac{28}{8m} + \dfrac{3}{8m}$ oe
14(a)	27 223	2	**M1** for $24\,000 \times \left(1 + \dfrac{3.2}{100}\right)^4$
14(b)	10 370	3	**B2** for 30 500 or **M2** for $\dfrac{40\,870}{134} \times 34$ oe or **M1** for $\left(1 + \dfrac{34}{100}\right)x = 40\,870$ oe
14(c)	$V = 32\,500 \times 0.77^n$ final answer	3	**B2** for answer $32\,500 \times 0.77^n$ or for correct explicit formula seen in working, may be unsimplified or **M1** for $32\,500 \times (1 - 0.23)^n$ oe seen or for correct implicit formula seen, may be unsimplified or answer of form $V = 32\,500 \times k^n$ or answer of form $V = p \times (0.77\ \text{oe})^n$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
15(a)	392 or 392.4 to 392.5	3	**M2** for $\sqrt{300^2 + 112^2 - 2 \times 300 \times 112 \times \cos 140}$ OR **M1** for $300^2 + 112^2 - 2 \times 300 \times 112 \times \cos 140$ **A1** for 154 022[…]
15(b)	10.6 or 10.7 or 10.55 to 10.69	3	**M2** for $\dfrac{112 \sin 140}{their\ (a)}$ oe or $\cos[DBC] = \dfrac{300^2 + (their\ (a))^2 - 112^2}{2 \times 300 \times their\ (a)}$ or **M1** for $\dfrac{112}{\sin DBC} = \dfrac{their\ (a)}{\sin 140}$ oe or $112^2 = 300^2 + (their\ (a))^2 - 2 \times 300 \times their\ (a) \times \cos DBC$ oe
15(c)	279 or 278.9…	4	**M3** for $(35\,900 - \dfrac{1}{2} \times 112 \times 300 \times \sin 140) \div \left(\dfrac{1}{2} \times 180\right)$ oe OR **M1** for $\dfrac{1}{2} \times 112 \times 300 \times \sin 140$ oe **M1** for recognition that the shortest distance from D is perpendicular to AB
16(a)	(1.6 – 1.35) oe × 40 [= 10]	1	
16(b)	$\dfrac{5}{39}$ oe	3	**M2** for $\dfrac{10}{10 + 170 \times 0.1} \times \dfrac{9}{9 + 170 \times 0.1}$ oe or **M1** for $\dfrac{10}{10 + 17}$ or $\dfrac{9}{10 + 16}$ or $\dfrac{9}{10 + 17}$ or $\dfrac{10}{10 + 16}$ oe seen or $\dfrac{10}{k} \times \dfrac{9}{k-1}$ oe with $k > 10$ and an integer or $\dfrac{m}{10 + 17} \times \dfrac{m-1}{10 + 16}$ oe with $0 < m < 27$ and an integer
16(c)	1.26 or 1.259… nfww	4	**M1** for frequencies 6, 15, 17 soi **M1** for midpoints soi (1, 1.175, 1.3, 1.475) **M1** for use of *their* Σ*fm* ÷ *their* Σ*f* with *m* in correct interval including both boundaries

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
17	$2x^3 + 7x^2 - 10x - 24$ final answer	**3**	**B2** for correct expansion unsimplified or for simplified four-term expression of correct form with three terms correct or **B1** for one pair of brackets expanded with at least three terms out of four correct
18(a)	$\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$	**1**	
18(b)	$-\dfrac{11}{8}\mathbf{a} + \dfrac{1}{2}\mathbf{b}$ oe simplified final answer	**3**	**B2** for a correct unsimplified vector for $\overrightarrow{AM}$ seen or for $\overrightarrow{OM} = \dfrac{1}{2}\mathbf{b} - \dfrac{3}{8}\mathbf{a}$ oe soi or **B1** for $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{b} - \dfrac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}$ oe soi or for a correct vector route for $\overrightarrow{AM}$ along lines on the diagram
19	$3x^2 - 5x - 11\ [= 0]$ or $3y^2 - 20y - 19\ [= 0]$	**M2**	**M1** for $3x^2 - 7x - 6 = 5 - 2x$ or for $y = 3\left(\dfrac{5-y}{2}\right)^2 - 7\left(\dfrac{5-y}{2}\right) - 6$
	$\dfrac{[-(-)]5 \pm \sqrt{([-]5)^2 - 4 \times 3 \times -11}}{2 \times 3}$ OR $x - \dfrac{5}{6} = \pm\sqrt{\dfrac{11}{3} + \left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^2}$ oe	**M2**	**M1** for $\dfrac{[-(-)]5 + \sqrt{k}}{2 \times 3}$ oe or $\dfrac{[-(-)]5 - \sqrt{k}}{2 \times 3}$ oe or for $\sqrt{([-]5)^2 - 4 \times 3 \times -11}$ oe OR **M1** for $\left(x - \dfrac{5}{6}\right)^2$
	$x = 2.92,\ y = -0.84$ **and** $x = -1.25,\ y = 7.51$	**B2**	**B1** for one correct solution for x and y or for $x = 2.92$ and -1.25 or for $y = -0.84$ and 7.51 If B0 scored and at least two method marks scored, **SC1** for correct substitution <u>shown</u> of both of their x-values or their y-values into $y = 3x^2 - 7x - 6$ or $y = 5 - 2x$
20	620 nfww	**3**	**M2** for $\dfrac{4810 - 5}{7.7 \text{ to } 7.8}$ or $\dfrac{4800 \text{ to } 4810}{7.7 + 0.05}$ oe or **M1** for 4815 or 4805 or 7.75 or 7.65 oe seen

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
21	$y = \dfrac{242}{(6w+2)^2}$ oe final answer	4	**M3** for $\dfrac{8(3.5+2)^2}{\left(\dfrac{90}{15}w+2\right)^2}$ may be done in stages or for correct answer seen then spoiled OR **M2** for $y = \dfrac{242}{(x+2)^2}$ or **M1** for $y = \dfrac{k}{(x+2)^2}$ oe or better **B1** for $w = \dfrac{x}{6}$ oe